

Monthly dashboard – Eggs

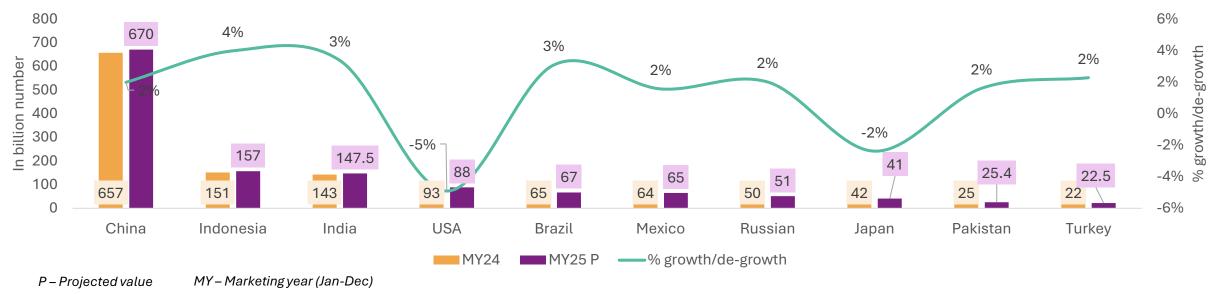
Sep-2025





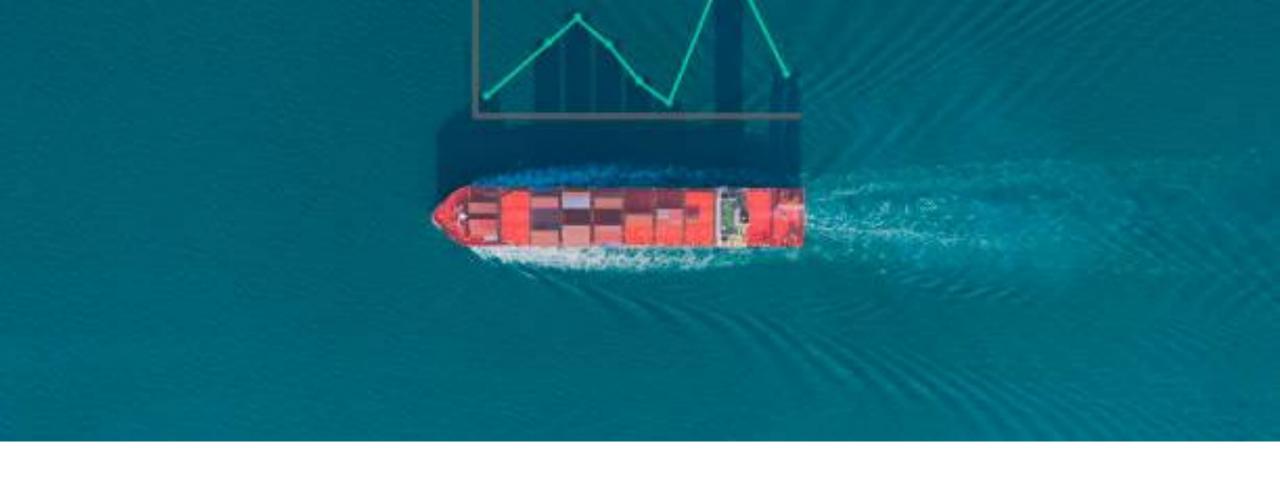
Egg production estimates





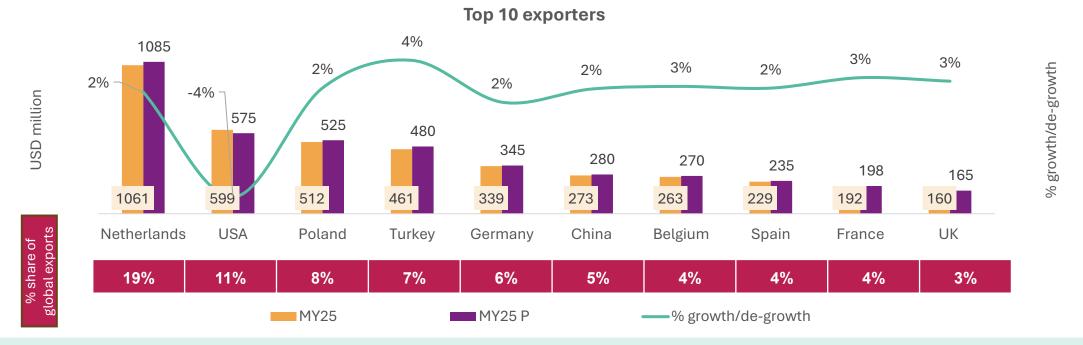
- Japan's egg production is anticipated to drop by 1-2% due to the dual challenges of high feed costs and aging infrastructure.
- India is experiencing a surge in egg production, driven by government initiatives and private investments in large-scale layer units, which is being fueled by the growing demand from school nutrition programs.
- The US egg industry has been impacted by avian influenza outbreaks, resulting in reduced production and increased reliance on imports, with Turkey being a primary supplier.
- China is expected to maintain its dominance in the global egg market with a predicted 1-2% growth rate, although average export prices have declined by 17% due to overcapacity.
- Mexico is solidifying its position as a key egg supplier in the North American market, particularly to the US, driven by strong domestic demand, improved farm efficiency, and enhanced disease control measures.
- Indonesia has emerged as a significant egg exporter, with plans to export 1.6 million eggs per month to the US to alleviate avian flu-related shortages, while also supplying eggs to Singapore and the UAE, thereby balancing domestic oversupply and supporting global market stability.

Source: Crisil Intelligence



Export trends and price outlook

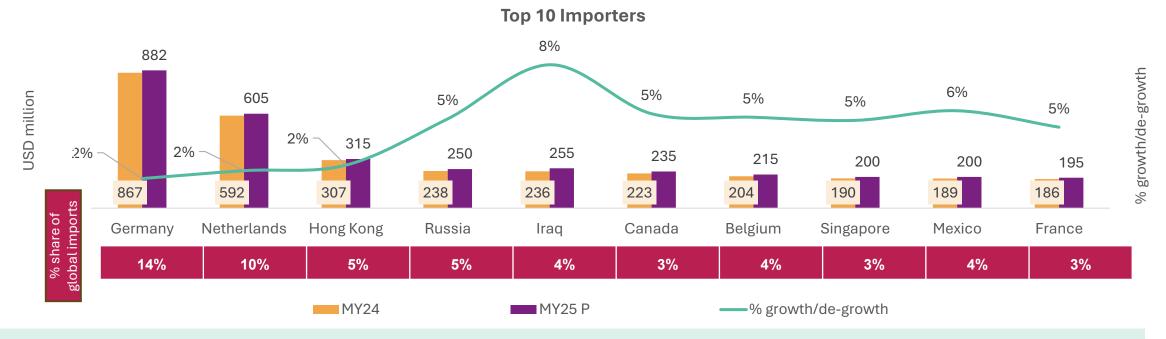
Major exporters of Eggs



- The countries in the chart account for around 70% of global egg exports, with overall exports projected to increase by 2-3% in MY25P, driven by increased imports from Turkey, EU, China, and UK.
- China's egg exports are expected to rise by 2% due to expanded production capacity, climate-adaptive technology, and stable biosecurity controls, driven by growing global demand for processed egg products.
- France's egg exports are expected to increase by 3% due to strong demand for organic and traceable eggs, high animal welfare standards, and efficient EU trade policies, with robust demand from the Middle East and Asia.
- Turkey's egg exports, which include high-quality shell eggs and pasteurized liquid eggs, are expected to grow, driven by compliance with strict international safety and quality standards, including certifications such as HACCP, ISO 22000, and halal certification, ensuring product safety and market acceptance.

Source: ITC trade map; HS code 0407

Major Importers of Eggs



- The countries in the chart **account for around 55% of global egg imports**, with **overall imports projected to increase by 4-5%** in MY25P, driven by increased imports from Iraq, Russia, Canada, and Mexico.
- Mexico's egg imports are expected to rise by 6%, with a diversification strategy to ensure steady availability and price stability, sourcing
 from Brazil, France, and the US.
- Iraq's domestic egg industry is volatile due to disease outbreaks, feed constraints, and supply chain disruptions, leading to high imports from countries like Turkey, Belgium, and the Netherlands.
- **Singapore's egg demand is increasing** due to population growth, tourism, and a booming food service sector, with a reliance on imports, but the government's "30 by 30" initiative is driving local production, which now accounts for over 34% of domestic consumption.

Global trade dynamics

Vietnam – Import Quotas

 Vietnam announced a specific import tariff quota for poultry eggs in 2025. The government allocated 72,104 dozen eggs as the quota for commercial egg imports during the period from March to December 2025.

The quota system is intended to:

- Support stability in domestic market prices.
- Ensure domestic producers are not adversely affected by imports.
- Meet consumer demand during periods of potential domestic supply shortfall.

Kazakhstan – Import restrictions

 Kazakhstan holds only about a 1% share of global imports but has been growing at a 13–14% CAGR during MY20–MY24. Starting April 9, 2025, the country imposed a six-month ban on fresh egg imports. The measure, aimed at supporting domestic producers during a period of weak seasonal demand, applies to imports from both EAEU and non-EAEU countries.

India's export diversification

 India is actively expanding its egg export markets, targeting countries like Gambia, Nigeria, and the USA, where it is achieving higher realizations. Trade challenges for Indian exports

The European Union has effectively banned Indian egg exports due to concerns over:

- Avian influenza outbreaks in India
- Inability to comply with the EU's strict health, safety, and biosecurity standards

As a result, India is not included in the EU's list of authorized countries for egg exports, limiting Indian egg exporters' market opportunities in Europe until they can meet the EU's regulatory requirements and gain formal approval.

Oman – Import restrictions

 Oman's decision to stop issuing new import permits for Indian table eggs has dealt a significant blow to the poultry industry in Namakkal, Tamil Nadu. The ban was primarily imposed due to biosecurity concerns, including fears of avian influenza, following bird flu outbreaks in India.

Source: Crisil Intelligence

Opportunities for India in Table Egg Exports

India's opportunity in egg exports to US

- A severe avian influenza outbreak in the U.S. has led to culling of over 14 million hens in 2024–25, pushing egg prices up to \$2.40/dozen.
- To bridge this gap, the U.S. opened to imports beyond its usual suppliers. India exported eggs to the U.S. for the first time in March 2025 (≈3 million eggs).

 With lower production costs and surplus capacity (~148 billion eggs/year), India can competitively supply the U.S. market. Anticipating positive feedback from consumers, exports is expected to scale upto 50–100 containers/month, making the U.S. a high-value growth market for Indian eggs.

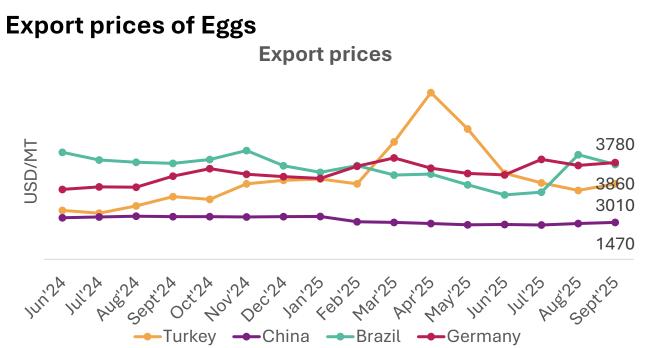
New opportunities to boost Indian egg exports

- Several African nations are witnessing growth in demand for eggs and poultry products. For instance, between MY20 and MY24, imports have grown at a CAGR of 14% in Ivory Coast, 13% in Senegal, and 57% in Uganda, with Nigeria seeing a 63% increase. South Africa has also recorded a 150% growth.
- India exports eggs to Somalia at a competitive price of \$0.73 per dozen, lower than Turkey's export price of \$1.1 per dozen.
- The price difference presents an opportunity for Indian exporters to expand their market share in Somalia. Given India's cost-effective production, Indian exporters can leverage this advantage to increase exports to Somalia, where demand for affordable protein is growing.

India's opportunity in egg exports to Gambia

- India is well-positioned to increase its egg exports to Gambia, leveraging its competitive pricing and reliable supply capabilities. With Indian eggs priced at \$600 per ton, compared to Turkey's \$670 per ton, Indian exporters can capitalize on the price advantage to expand their market share in Gambia.
- As Gambia relies heavily on imports to meet its egg demand, Indian suppliers can establish themselves as a cost-effective alternative to Turkish exports. India's production capacity and ability to scale up volumes quickly provide an opportunity to build long-term trade relationships and strengthen its presence in the West African market.

Source: Crisil Intelligence



Price outlook for next quarter (OND)					
Countries	Sept'25 Price (USD/MT)	Sept'24 Price (USD/MT)	%age change	Price direction	Average price range for OND (USD/MT)
Turkey	3010	2500	20%	Bullish	3200-3600
China	1470	1700	-14%	Bullish	1480-1550
Brazil	3780	3830	-1%	Bullish	3800-4200
Germany	3860	3318	16%	Bearish	3500-3800

- Global egg export prices in early 2025 were driven by supply shocks and seasonal demand, leading to record highs from Turkey and Germany, while China maintained a competitive edge and Brazil sustained premium exports.
- By mid-2025, prices eased but remained higher than 2024, indicating strong demand and ongoing premiumization. This trend is expected to continue, with prices staying structurally higher.
- **Germany's egg export prices are high** due to strong domestic demand and strict EU regulations. However, the price outlook is bearish, with easing supply chain pressures and moderated demand growth expected to stabilize the market.
- China's large layer population ensures a consistent surplus, with exports focused on processed eggs. Despite AI cases, regional controls and biosecurity measures have kept output steady, maintaining a competitive edge and prices are going to increase.
- Brazil's egg exports target premium markets with high-value products like powdered eggs and egg yolk, commanding higher prices due to their long shelf life and industrial applications. This strategy allows Brazil to maintain a strong presence in high-end markets.

Import prices of Eggs



- **EU egg import prices surged in late 2024 and early 2025**, peaking in March-April due to tight supply and strong demand. Prices eased slightly by mid-2025, remaining above the previous year's levels, indicating robust demand.
- **Germany is the EU's largest egg importer**, driven by high consumption and strong demand from the food industry. Prices peaked above USD 3,000/MT in March-April 2025, driven by reliance on imports during production gaps.
- The Netherlands is a hub for egg re-exports, with a strong local production base. In mid-2024, the country saw a surge in imports of specialty eggs, driven by EU animal welfare directives, leading to temporary price spikes.
- Belgium and France import industrial-grade eggs at lower price points, supplementing domestic production. Demand is driven by export-oriented processors, with import prices focused on cost-effective bulk supply, supporting the chocolate and bakery industries.

Thank You

Methodology for Price Forecasting

Our methodology combines comprehensive secondary research, targeted stakeholder consultations, and rigorous analytical techniques to ensure accuracy and actionable insights. The methodology comprises three key stages: Data Collection, Data Analysis & Interpretation, and Price Forecasting.

Data Collection



 Global agricultural databases (USDA, FAO, etc.)

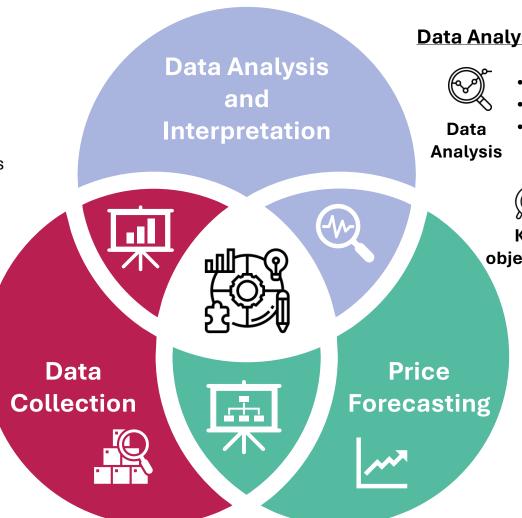
 Country-wise statistics from official agriculture departments

 Industry publications and research reports



Detailed review of Production policies & trade barriers for each country

Data from government websites & official publications



Data Analysis and Interpretation

- Supply-demand assessment
- Policy impact analysis
- Stakeholder consultations



Key objectives

Production trends

Trade dynamics

Policy implications

Price Forecasting

- Historical Trend & Seasonality
- Macro-Economic & Trade Variables Integration of commodity fundamentals to forecast future price ranges.

Structured consultations with Indian exporters and industry associations, cross-verifying secondary data and validating price forecasts to refine production, trade, and policy assessments.